

SYST 505 (aka 659) Introduction to Systems Engineering for IT
spring 2010

Thomas H. Speller
Associate Professor
Systems Engineering and Operations Research

Course Description

Introductory course in systems engineering with a focus on information technology systems. Emphasis will be on the development of analytical, technical, management, and teamwork skills through exercises in planning, documentation, presentation, and the creative process of IT engineering design. Lessons are reinforced by case studies and assignments, taking a holistic systems view and integrating aspects of product development and system architecture within systems engineering. This course will use SysML as the language for analyzing and describing case studies (providing system design information for stakeholders) in systems engineering.

Prerequisite: Graduate student standing in the Masters Degree Applied IT Program

Course Objectives

Students will show their understanding of systems engineering concepts and methods by applying the class lecture content and lessons in report outs for team case studies in IT system scenarios, simulating real life situations. Students should come out of the course with a fundamental understanding of systems engineering (understand the document deliverables of a systems engineer), life cycle, system architecture, and product development, as well as their application to various contexts.

Course Topics

Class 1: History of Systems Engineering, Importance of System Architecture

Class 2: Model Based Systems Engineering (SysML)

Class 3: System Architecture and Form-Function,
PDDP ↔ System Architecture ↔ Systems Engineering, Creativity in Systems
Engineering/System Architecting

Class 4: Technology Strategy, Human-System Integration in the System Development
Process

Class 5: Product Design and Development Process, System Architecture and Function,
Identification of Stakeholders and Needs/Wants, Problem Statement, System Use
Cases and Requirements

Class 6: Systems Engineering Management, Representation Schema, Architectures

Class 7: Translating Needs/Wants, Problem Statement, Requirements into Engineering
Terms; Dependable and Safe Systems

Assoc. Professor Thomas Speller

SYST 505 Introduction to Systems Engineering for IT, Spring 2010

Revised: January 4, 2010

Class 8: Economics of Systems Engineering (Total Life Cycle Cost, Managerial Accounting, Cash Flow Analysis for Decision-Making)

Class 9: System Cost Estimating and Scheduling, Decision Analysis under Uncertainty

Class 10: Theory of Constraints, Process Engineering (Reengineering), Supply Chains and Value Chains

Class 11: Organizational Processes, Organizational Architectures, Innovation and Organizational Processes

Class 12: System Integration, Evaluation and Testing, Service-Oriented Architectures

Class 13: Software Engineering

Class 14: Net Centricity, Search and Retrieval Systems, Course Summary

Course Assignments and Grading

The approach to this course entails the presentation of descriptive, prescriptive, and normative principles (with best practices) followed by team-based case study. The cases serve as scenarios, mini-projects in applied "real life" experiences built upon the class topic. Cases are carefully selected from various sources for techno-socio and economic complex system development, and questions or tasks requiring a response are tailored to the lessons learned for the week. Teams of three members carry out the assignments that call for applying class knowledge, skills, and tools to the case problem. Each team will be responsible for developing a case or other assignment analysis and solution, requiring on average of 10 hours per person per week. Written and/or oral deliverables will be produced by each team, incorporating a system representation methodology/modeling language for communication among stakeholders. The modeling language chosen for this course is SysML using either the Enterprise Architect or Magic Draw tools.

Assigned Readings other than the course textbook (not the cases which are copyright restricted) will be posted to Blackboard.

The assigned readings for the following week will be listed at the end of each lecture and in the course schedule.

Team Preparation

Group (team) work is encouraged for purposes of general class preparation and for written assignments. We have found that groups generally develop better solutions and that students learn from one another in such group interactions. Your team size should be three students (alternatively two, but not one) and discussion of the assignment should be limited to members of your team (not other class member or students who have studied the case previously).

Most managers spend little time reading and less time writing reports (other than for schedules, graphs and spreadsheets). Most of their interactions are oral (or email). This is especially true for managers in operations-intensive settings. For this reason, the development of oral and written skills is given a high priority in this course. The classroom should be considered a training ground in which you can develop your ability to present your analyses and recommendations clearly, to convince your peers of the correctness of your approach to complex problems, and to illustrate your ability to achieve the desired results through the implementation of that approach.

Some criteria for a constructive case discussion:

1. Is the participant a good listener?
2. Are the points made relevant to the current discussion? Are they linked to the comments of others?
3. Do the comments show clear evidence of appropriate and insightful analysis of the case data?
4. Is there willingness to participate?
5. Is their willingness to test new ideas or are all comments "safe"?

6. Do comments clarify and highlight the important aspects of earlier ideas and lead to a clearer statement of the relevant concepts and issues (i.e., move the discussion along)?
7. Is there a comfortable balance of listen and talk, give and take of ideas?

Team Evaluation:

A team's performance on an assignment will be evaluated according to quality and productivity/ completeness (depth and breadth of thinking) on each task, or essentially if the response is satisfactory, excellent, or insufficient.

Possible solutions to assignments will be discussed in class to bring out the most important issues but will not be distributed in writing. The case write-up will be graded with consideration of the following points:

Analysis

1. Does the analysis address the major issues in the case?
2. Does the analysis incorporate the relevant tools?
3. Are assumptions made in the analysis stated explicitly?
4. Does the analysis isolate the fundamental causes of problems in the case?

Recommended Actions

1. Are the criteria for choosing among alternative recommendations stated?
2. Are the criteria appropriate?
3. Is the plan of action integrated in a logical way and linked to the analysis?
4. Is the action plan specific, complete, and practical?
5. Is it likely that the recommendations will achieve their intended results?

Exhibits

1. Are the analyses illustrated by the exhibits done correctly?
2. Do the exhibits support and add to the written response on key points?

(Exhibits should contain specific types of analyses, such as financial analysis, breakeven charts, cost analysis, process-flow analysis, etc. They should contain any relevant supporting information that is too detailed for the body of the paper. Exhibits must not be simply an extension of the text.)

Presentation

1. Is the paper "right-sized" (e.g., not too long)?
2. Is the presentation of professional quality?
3. Is the paper logically consistent and effectively structured to sell its recommendations?

Assignments are indicated in the course schedule. All are equal weight and are due on Wednesdays.

Assoc. Professor Thomas Speller

SYST 505 Introduction to Systems Engineering for IT, Spring 2010

Revised: January 4, 2010

Each team will appoint a project manager for that week who will be responsible for assembling the report and submitting it to the Assignments folder on Blackboard, as well as responding to any deficiencies they want to cleanup. E-mail should be used as the backup. The report cover page must name the manager and team members participating in the assignment report, in addition to e-mail contact information for the entire team. Team submissions will be digital in MSWord 2007 or MSPowerPoint 2007 to the Blackboard course website <https://gmu.blackboard.com/>. I will e-mail responses to that week's project manager for distribution to the rest of the team. Cases will be discussed normally at the start of each class followed by a lecture format.

The grading will be weighted as follows:

15% on class participation, based on the criteria above

85% on group case write-ups and/or other assignments, based on the criteria above

Instructor:

Thomas Speller Lecturer
Engineering 2238 703-993-1672 tspeller@gmu.edu

Office hours: Fri. 14:30-16:30 ET or by appointment

Course Readings

Texts:

1. Sage, A.P. and W.B. Rouse, eds. *Handbook of Systems Engineering and Management*. 2nd ed. 2009, John Wiley & Sons: Hoboken, N.J.
2. Friedenthal, S., R. Steiner, and A. Moore, *Practical Guide to SysML: The Systems Modeling Language*. 2008: Morgan Kaufmann; Elsevier Science. (updated as of the August 28, 2009 reprinting)

Texts (not required but suggested):

- C. H. Fine, *Clockspeed: Winning Industry Control in the Age of Temporary Advantage*. (Perseus Books, New York, 1998).
- E. Goldratt, E. Schragenheim and C. Ptak, *Necessary But Not Sufficient*. (North River Press Great Barrington, MA, 2000).

Cases:

Case studies, which may vary from semester to semester, are contained in the course locker at the Harvard Business School with the URL <http://cb.hbsp.harvard.edu/cb/access/5007125> . Click on this link to select, pay for, and download cases used in this course. You must register the first time you visit this site.

“Turning Around Runaway Information Technology Projects” by Charalambos L. Iacovou; Albert S. Dexter

“Convergence 2008: Video Over the Internet” by Robert A. Burgelman; Rob Holmes

Assoc. Professor Thomas Speller

SYST 505 Introduction to Systems Engineering for IT, Spring 2010

Revised: January 4, 2010

“GE's Digital Revolution: Redefining the E in GE” by Christopher A. Bartlett; Meg Glinska

“PCH International: Managing the Flows of Information, Goods and Finance” by Hau Lee; Jennie Tung

“Reverse Engineering Google's Innovation Machine” Bala Iyer; Thomas H. Davenport

“Facebook” by William P. Barnett; Mark Leslie; Mike Harkey

“Sun Microsystems, Inc: Web Services Strategy” by Fernando F. Suarez; Thomas Eisenmann

“Skype Technologies S.A.” by Haim Mendelson

Other course readings will be provided on the course website, Blackboard

<https://gmu.blackboard.com/>

Collaboration tool:

This course will provide a URL for the tool Elluminate that will be unique to each team for synchronous team collaboration (by sharing applications, models, VoIP, video, and audio) in conducting their case and other assignments.

Dissemination Policy:

The information provided by the students should not be proprietary but instead openly shareable with others for research and educational purposes.

Systems engineering is an evolving field, and good and creative new thoughts and ideas developed by members of the class may be folded into the next iteration of teaching and research. This is how scholarship develops. Any future reuse will be credited to former students in a general way. Should you publish a work, then the citation will be given in the future.

Policy on Academic Integrity:

In the corporate environment and in various cultures it may be important to obtain a good answer to the question at hand while it may not be as important to be original or cite sources of ideas used. This is not the case at George Mason University, where it is important to create original work **and** to cite the source of ideas very carefully and completely. The George Mason University Honor Code can be found at:

http://www.gmu.edu/catalog/apolicies/#faculty_responsibilities. These policies underscore the importance in academia of creativity and proper acknowledgment of sources. In order to achieve the objectives of this course, the work of individuals and teams must be original or where appropriate must cite the contribution of others and relevant sources.

Class Outline

Class 1: Course Syllabus, Course Topics, History, System Architecture, Case Study

Topics:

- Course Syllabus
- Course Topics
- Assignment 1
- Start of a Glossary
- Brief History of Systems Engineering
- Introducing the Importance of System Architecture

Class 2: SysML and Example Cases

Topics:

- Model Based Systems Engineering: System Modeling Language (SysML)
 - MBSE Motivation and Scope
 - System Modeling Using SysML
 - System Model as an Integration Framework
 - Dishwasher Example
 - Reference to OOSEM Example (Chapter 16)
 - Summary

Class 3: Stakeholders and Problem Statement

Topics:

- Case Study, “Turning Around Runaway Information Technology Projects” and “Why Projects/Products Fail”
- System Architecture
 - Function
- Product Design and Development Process (PDDP)
- Stakeholders Identification and Analysis of their:
 - Needs
 - Wants
- The Problem Statement
- System Use Cases (UML, SysML) and Requirements

Class 4: Creativity in Systems Engineering/System Architecting

Topics:

- Case Study, SysML Use Case
 - Stakeholders and Requirements
- System Architecture
 - Form
 - Form-Function

Assoc. Professor Thomas Speller

SYST 505 Introduction to Systems Engineering for IT, Spring 2010

Revised: January 4, 2010

- PDDP ↔ System Architecture ↔ Systems Engineering
- Creativity in the Systems Engineering/System Architecting
 - Nature (as a guide to creativity), Evolutionary Computation, Design Rules, and Combinatorics
 - Work of Vance and de Bono
 - TRIZ Theory
 - Radiant Thinking, Mind Mapping tool

Class 5: Technology Strategy and Human-System Integration in the System Development Process

Topics:

- Case Study: Creativity, Function → Form
- Technology Strategy
 - Economic Cycles
 - Technological Evolution of Systems
 - Strategy Development
- Human-System Integration (HSI) in the System Development Process
 - Human Factors

Class 6: Systems Engineering, Representation Schema, and Architectures

Topics:

- Technology Convergence Case Study Review
- Managing the Enterprise by Means of Systems Engineering
- Systems Engineering Representation Schema
 - System Architecture Representation Schema
 - Process Models in Systems Engineering: Conceive, Design, Implement, & Operate (CDIO)
 - Examples of How Systems Engineering is Currently Implemented
 - Full Integration of Human Systems and System Engineering
 - Systems Engineering based on Quality Standards

Class 7: Translating Needs/Wants, Problem Statement, Requirements into Engineering Terms; Dependable and Safe Systems

Topics:

- GE Case Study Analysis
- Translating Wants, Problem Statement into Engineering Terms
- Dependability of Systems (Trustworthy Systems)

Class 8: Economics of Systems Engineering (Total Life Cycle Cost, Managerial Accounting for Decision-making)

Topics:

- Review of Submitted HoQ Matrices (Multiple Level Flow Down)
- Economics of Systems Engineering (Total Life Cycle Cost, Managerial Accounting)
- Managerial Accounting (Cost Accounting)
- Cash Flow Analysis for Project and System Design Decision-making

Class 9: System Cost Estimating and Scheduling; Decision Analysis under Uncertainty

Topics:

- System Cost Estimating and Scheduling
- Decision Analysis under Uncertainty

Class 10: Theory of Constraints, Process Engineering (reengineering), Supply Chains and Value Chains (2 parts extending into lecture 11)

Topics:

- Process Engineering
 - Theory of Constraints
 - Process Reengineering
- Life Cycles and Strategic Value Chain Design
 - Core Competence
 - The Physics of Flow
 - Lifecycles and Evolution
 - Supply Chain Design
 - Architecting
 - System Architecture Implications for the Value Chain

Class 11: Organizational Processes, Organizational Architectures

Topics:

- Organizational Processes
 - Strategy
 - Politics
 - Culture
 - Leadership
 - Negotiation
 - Alignment
 - Initiatives
- Organizational Architectures
- Initiative Example: Strategically Aligned Incentive Systems
- Technology Strategy, Innovation, and Organization Processes

Assoc. Professor Thomas Speller

SYST 505 Introduction to Systems Engineering for IT, Spring 2010

Revised: January 4, 2010

Class 12: System Integration, Evaluation and Testing, System Operation and Support

Topics:

- Systems Integration
- Evaluation and Testing
- Introduction to Service-Oriented Architectures
 - Web-Services

Class 13: Software Engineering

Topics:

- Software Engineering

Class 14: Net Centricity, Search and Retrieval Systems; Course Summary

Topics:

- Net Centricity
- Search and Retrieval Systems
- Course Summary